

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

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KAREEM DAVIS,

Plaintiff,

COMPLAINT
16 CV 2764

-against-

THE CITY OF NEW YORK, Police Officer JAMES
CONAGHAN, Police Officer COLIN SPARKS,
Police Officer ROBERT PATTERSON, and
Detective JOHN ACONI, employees of the New
York City Police Department,

Defendants.

Jury Trial Demanded

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KAREEM DAVIS, by his attorney, The Law Office of Matthew Flamm,
alleges the following upon information and belief as his Complaint.

Nature of the Action

1. This civil rights action arises from the July 25, 2012 unlawful stop, arrest, and resulting imprisonment and prosecution of Kareem Davis by New York City Police Officers. Mr. Davis was imprisoned from July 25, 2012 until his release following his March 2, 2016 acquittal on the false charge of criminal possession of a weapon. This action arises under the United States Constitution's Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Fourteenth Amendments and New York State common law. Plaintiff seeks compensatory and punitive damages for violation of his civil rights under 42 U.S.C. §1983.

Jurisdiction

2. This action arises under the United States Constitution and 42 U.S.C. §1983. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1331 and §1343(3). Plaintiff asserts jurisdiction over the City of New York under

28 U.S.C. §1367 and asks that this Court exercise pendent jurisdiction over those state law claims arising out of the same common nucleus of operative facts as do plaintiff's federal claims.

Venue

3. Venue is proper in the Eastern District of New York because events or omissions giving rise to the claim occurred in that judicial District.

Parties

4. Plaintiff KAREEM DAVIS is a thirty-seven year old African American male who at all times relevant lived with his wife and two children in the State and City of New York, County of Queens.

5. Defendant CITY OF NEW YORK is a municipal corporation duly incorporated and existing under the laws of New York State. Pursuant to its Charter, New York City has established and maintains a Department of Police as a constituent department or agency. At all times relevant, the City of New York employed the individual defendants more fully identified below.

6. Defendants Police Officer JAMES CONAGHAN, Police Officer COLIN SPARKS, Police Officer ROBERT PATTERSON, and Detective JOHN ACONI, at all times relevant herein, were employees and agents of the New York City Police Department. On July 25, 2012, they were, upon information and belief, assigned to the 107th Precinct in Queens, New York.

7. At all times relevant herein, defendants CONAGHAN, SPARKS, PATTERSON, and ACONI (together "the individual defendants") were acting

within the scope of their employment by the City of New York's Police Department.

8. At all times relevant, the individual defendants were acting under color of state law.

9. The individual defendants are liable for directly participating in the acts described herein or for failing to intervene to prevent, end, or truthfully report the unlawful conduct to which Mr. Davis was subjected despite having a reasonable opportunity to do so. They are sued in their individual capacity.

Notice of Claim

10. On or about April 1, 2015, and within ninety days after claims arose, plaintiff filed a Notice of Claim upon defendant the City of New York, by delivering copies thereof to the person designated by law as a person to whom such claims may be served.

11. The Notice of Claim was in writing and was sworn to by the plaintiff, and contained the name and post office address of the plaintiff.

12. The Notice of Claim set out the nature of the claims, the time when, the place where and manner by which the claims arose, and the damage and injuries claimed to have been sustained.

13. The New York City Comptroller's Office assigned the case claim number 2015PI009943.

14. At least thirty days have elapsed since the service of the notice of claim, and adjustment or payment of the claim has been neglected or refused.

15. This action was commenced within one year and ninety days after the happening of events upon which the claims are based.

Facts Underlying
Plaintiff's Claims

16. On July 25, 2012, at approximately 1:50 a.m., Kareem Davis was lawfully driving an automobile and returning home when he was stopped by defendants Conaghan, Patterson, and Aconi at or around the intersection of Highland Avenue and 164th Street in Queens, New York. Plaintiff was detained, questioned, and then arrested.

17. The individual defendants falsely claim that Mr. Davis failed to signal a turn. Defendant Conaghan did and continues to falsely claim that he observed Mr. Davis attempt to secrete a pistol and that the pistol was recovered from under the front passenger seat of the automobile plaintiff was driving.

18. Mr. Davis had done nothing unlawful, and the individual defendants had not seen plaintiff do anything unlawful and had no reasonable basis to believe that Mr. Davis unlawfully possessed a firearm.

19. Individual defendants initiated this law enforcement action because of Mr. Davis' actual or perceived race, national origin, or color rather than plaintiff's behavior or other information or circumstances linking Mr. Davis to suspected unlawful activity.

20. During the automobile stop, Mr. Davis was aggressively pulled from the auto and forced to the ground where defendant Sparks put his firearm to plaintiff's head and threatened to shoot him. Individual defendants cursed at plaintiff and directed racial remarks at him. Plaintiff was kicked and punched, and he was cuffed purposefully tightly, among other things.

21. Plaintiff was taken to the 107th Precinct Stationhouse.

22. While Mr. Davis was at the Stationhouse, individual defendants prepared or allowed to be prepared false police reports accusing Mr. Davis of various crimes, including criminal possession of a weapon and resisting arrest.

23. Mr. Davis was eventually taken to Queens Central Booking to await arraignment.

24. While Mr. Davis was awaiting arraignment, individual defendants presented or allowed to be presented false evidence to the Queens County District Attorney's Office.

25. The misrepresentations caused plaintiff's prosecution under Queens County Criminal Court Docket Numbers 2012QN039954 and 2012QN039956. on false charges of, among other things, criminal possession of a weapon, attempted robbery in the first degree, and resisting arrest.

26. Mr. Davis was arraigned on the charges and, based on false evidence presented by the defendants, was, upon information and belief, remanded without bail.

27. Plaintiff remained jailed on Rikers Island for the next two and one half years.

28. Individual defendants testified before a Grand Jury and caused or allowed Mr. Davis to be indicted on or about July 30, 2012 a single charge of criminal possession of a weapon in the second degree; the Grand Jury declined to indict him on any other charge.

29. The individual defendants and other employees of defendant City of New York caused or allowed plaintiff to be prosecuted on the false allegations by

the Office of the District Attorney of Queens County under Indictment Number 02049-2012.

30. The false evidence was prepared in aid and furtherance of the prosecution against Mr. Davis.

31. On March 2, 2015, Kareem Davis was acquitted at trial by a jury.

32. Mr. Davis was released on or about March 3, 2015.

33. The individual defendants, despite having a reasonable opportunity to do so, took no action to prevent, end, or truthfully report the unlawful conduct to which Mr. Davis was subjected.

34. The individual defendants' acts and omissions caused Kareem Davis to suffer loss of liberty, physical injury, mental and emotional upset and trauma, fear, humiliation, and deprivation of his constitutional rights, among other injuries. Plaintiff suffered the indignities and debasement of being imprisoned on false charges for more than thirty one months.

35. The individual defendants, in stopping, arresting, imprisoning, prosecuting, and offering false evidence to the District Attorney, Criminal Court Judges, and Jurors, acted with casual and abusive disregard for the plaintiff's rights and well-being, and acted intentionally, willfully, maliciously, with reckless disregard for and deliberate indifference.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF FOR
VIOLATING PLAINTIFF'S RIGHT TO BE FREE FROM
UNREASONABLE SEARCHES AND SEIZURES UNDER THE FOURTH AND
FOURTEENTH AMENDMENTS TO THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION

36. Plaintiff repeats the foregoing allegations as though fully stated herein.

37. By the actions described above, the individual defendants deprived Mr. Davis of his rights secured by the Constitution and laws of the United States in violation of 42 U.S.C. §1983, including, but not limited to his right to be free from being stopped and searched without reasonable suspicion.

38. By the actions described above, the defendants deprived Mr. Davis of rights secured by the Constitution and laws of the United States, including, but not limited to, his right to be free and secure in his person and his right to be free from arrest, except on probable cause or pursuant to a warrant.

39. Plaintiff was thereby unlawfully stopped, detained, arrested, imprisoned, and searched, and, as a consequence thereof, Kareem Davis has been injured.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF FOR FALSE ARREST AND IMPRISONMENT

40. Plaintiff repeats the allegations of the foregoing paragraphs as though fully stated herein.

41. By reason of the foregoing, plaintiff was intentionally confined without privilege or probable cause to believe a crime had been committed. Plaintiff was aware of and did not consent to the confinement. Plaintiff was thereby falsely arrested and imprisoned.

42. As a consequence thereof, Kareem Davis has been injured.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF FOR MALICIOUS PROSECUTION UNDER THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION

43. Plaintiff repeats the allegations of the foregoing paragraphs as though fully stated herein.

44. By the conduct described herein, the individual defendants are liable to plaintiff under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 for violating his constitutional right to be free from malicious prosecution under the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.

45. The individual defendants commenced or allowed the commencement of a Criminal Court proceeding against Mr. Davis without probable cause and with actual malice. The prosecution caused Mr. Davis's liberty to be deprived. The prosecution terminated in Mr. Davis's favor.

46. As a consequence thereof, Kareem Davis has been injured.

FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF FOR MALICIOUS PROSECUTION

47. Plaintiff repeats the allegations of the foregoing paragraphs as though fully stated herein.

48. By reason of the foregoing, plaintiff was maliciously and without probable cause subjected to a criminal prosecution, said prosecution ending in a manner not inconsistent with innocence.

49. As a consequence thereof, Kareem Davis has been injured.

FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF FOR
VIOLATING PLAINTIFF'S RIGHT TO BE FREE
FROM UNREASONABLE SEARCHES AND SEIZURES UNDER THE FOURTH
AND FOURTEENTH AMENDMENTS TO THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION

50. The plaintiff repeats and realleges the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

51. Defendant Conaghan, Sparks, and Patterson violated the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments by using unreasonable force on Kareem Davis.

52. As a consequence thereof, Kareem Davis was injured.

SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF FOR ASSAULT

53. Plaintiff repeats the allegations of the foregoing paragraphs as though fully stated herein.

54. By the actions described above, plaintiff was intentionally placed in apprehension of imminent harmful and offensive contact.

55. As a consequence thereof, Kareem Davis has been injured.

SEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF FOR BATTERY

56. Plaintiff repeats the allegations of the foregoing paragraphs as though fully stated herein.

57. By the actions described above, plaintiff was intentionally touched in a harmful and offensive manner.

58. As a consequence thereof, Kareem Davis has been injured.

EIGHTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF FOR
DENIAL OF PLAINTIFF'S FAIR TRIAL RIGHTS

59. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation as if fully set forth herein.

60. Individual defendants created false evidence against plaintiff.

61. Individual defendants forwarded false evidence to prosecutors in the Queens County District Attorney's office, the Clerk of the Criminal Court, and to Criminal Court Judges.

62. In creating false evidence against plaintiff, and in forwarding false information to prosecutors and Judges, individual defendants violated plaintiff's

right to a fair trial under the Due Process Clause of the Fifth, Sixth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution.

63. As a consequence thereof, Kareem Davis has been injured.

**NINTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF FOR FAILURE TO INTERVENE
TO PREVENT THE VIOLATION OF PLAINTIFF'S CIVIL RIGHTS**

64. Plaintiff repeats the foregoing allegations as though fully stated herein.

65. The individual defendants, and each of them, failed to intervene to prevent, end, or truthfully report the unlawful conduct to which Mr. Davis was subjected, despite having a reasonable opportunity to do so.

66. As a consequence thereof Kareem Davis has been injured.

**TENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF AGAINST
THE DEFENDANTS FOR BIAS-BASED PROFILING**

67. Plaintiff repeats the allegations of the foregoing paragraphs as though fully stated herein.

68. In initiating law enforcement action against Mr. Davis based on his actual and/or perceived race, national origin, and/or color, rather than Mr. Davis' behavior or other information linking him to suspected unlawful activity, the defendants engaged in bias-based profiling in violation of Section 14-151(c)(I) and (ii) of the Administrative Code of the City of New York.

69. As a consequence thereof, Kareem Davis has been injured and is entitled to injunctive and declaratory relief, along with reasonable attorney's fees and costs.

ELEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF FOR
INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS

70. Plaintiff repeats the allegations of the foregoing paragraphs as though fully stated herein.

71. The acts and omissions complained of herein were so extreme and outrageous as to constitute the intentional infliction of emotional distress upon plaintiff.

72. As a consequence thereof Kareem Davis has been injured.

TWELFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF FOR NEGLIGENCE

73. The plaintiff repeats and realleges the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

74. The acts complained of herein resulted from defendant City of New York, through its agents, servants and employees, breaching its duty properly to screen, assign, train, supervise, monitor, or discipline its law enforcement personnel, including assigning, training, supervising, monitoring, or disciplining individual Police personnel who unlawfully stop, arrest, assault, and make false allegations.

75. The defendant City of New York's failure properly to assign, train, supervise, monitor, or discipline its Police, including the Police Officers involved herein, constitutes acquiescence in and tolerance of ongoing unconstitutional arrests, uses of force, and lodging of false allegations, and allowed the individual defendants to believe that they could with impunity abuse, arrest, and prosecute Mr. Davis.

76. Defendant City's negligence in screening, hiring, training, disciplining, monitoring, and retaining the defendants proximately caused Plaintiff's injuries.

77. As a consequence thereof, Kareem Davis has been injured.

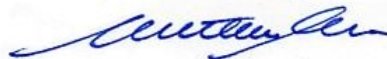
Request for Relief

WHEREFORE, plaintiff respectfully requests that judgment be entered that plaintiff's rights under the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution were violated and, pursuant the Administrative Code of the City of New York §14-151, a declaration that plaintiff was subjected to discrimination through bias-based profiling, and an order enjoining defendants from engaging in further bias-based profiling against plaintiff; and

- (A) Compensatory damages in an amount to be fixed at trial;
- (B) By reason of the wanton, willful and malicious character of the conduct complained of herein, punitive damages from individual defendants in an amount to be fixed at trial;
- (C) An award to plaintiff of attorney's fees and costs and disbursements under 42 U.S.C. §1988 and N.Y.C. Administrative Code §141-15(d); and
- (D) Such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.

Dated: May 31, 2016
Brooklyn, New York

Law Office of Matthew Flamm
Attorney for Plaintiff
26 Court Street, Suite 2208
Brooklyn, New York 11242
(718) 797-3117
(917) 495-2331
matthewflamm@msn.com



By: Matthew Flamm